1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier
Product name: CYANOFORCE 15SC RESIDUAL INSECTICIDE
Synonym(s): ALPHA-CYPERMETHRIN 15 G/LT SUSPENSION CONCENTRATE (SHERWOOD 1.5 SC)

1.2 Uses and uses advised against
Use(s): INSECTICIDE

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product
Supplier name: SHERWOOD CHEMICALS AUSTRALASIA PTY LTD
Address: Level 3, 1060 Hay St, West Perth, WA, 6005, AUSTRALIA
Telephone: +61 8 9219 4683
Fax: +61 8 9219 4672
Email: contact@sherwoodchemicals.com.au
Website: http://www.sherwoodchemicals.com.au

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)
Emergency: +61 421 667972

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s): Skin Sensitization: Category 1
Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A
Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic): Category 1

2.2 Label elements
Signal word: WARNING

Pictogram(s):

Hazard statement(s)
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention statement(s)
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response statement(s)
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P321 Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage statement(s)
None allocated.

Disposal statement(s)
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards
No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>EC Number</th>
<th>Content</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ALPHA-CYPERMETHRIN</td>
<td>67375-30-8</td>
<td>614-054-3</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WATER</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
<td>231-791-2</td>
<td>&gt;78%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td>&lt;20%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures
Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.
Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once).
First aid facilities Eye wash facilities should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media
Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (halides, hydrogen halides, carbon oxides) when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters
Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code
•3Z
•3 Alcohol Resistant Foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal foam can be used.
Z Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions
Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up
Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections
See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)
No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards
No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits
No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls
Avoid inhalation. If using indoors, ensure there is adequate natural ventilation. Increase air flow by opening windows/doors or using mechanical extraction units.

PPE
Eye / Face
Wear splash-proof goggles.

Hands
Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body
Wear coveralls. When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear rubber boots.

Respiratory
At high vapour levels, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator. If spraying, wear a Type A-Class P1 (Organic gases/vapours and Particulate) respirator.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>WHITE TO BEIGE LIQUID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>SLIGHT ODOUR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability</td>
<td>NON FLAMMABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>NOT RELEVANT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>100°C (Approximately)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>0°C (Approximately)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>AS FOR WATER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour density</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific gravity</td>
<td>1.01 to 1.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility (water)</td>
<td>SOLUBLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>18 mm Hg @ 20°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit</td>
<td>NOT RELEVANT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit</td>
<td>NOT RELEVANT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidising properties</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour threshold</td>
<td>NOT AVAILABLE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles: > 60 % (Water)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity
Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid) and alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
May evolve toxic gases (halides, hydrogen halides, carbon oxides) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
Information available for the product:
No known toxicological effects from this product. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information available for the ingredient(s):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Oral Toxicity (LD50)</th>
<th>Dermal Toxicity (LD50)</th>
<th>Inhalation Toxicity (LC50)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ALPHA-CYPERMETHRIN</td>
<td>79 mg/kg (rat)</td>
<td>500 mg/kg (rat)</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin
Contact may result in irritation, stinging sensation, rash and possible numbness.

Eye
Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation and redness.

Sensitization
May cause an allergic skin reaction. This product is not classified as a respiratory sensitizer.

Mutagenicity
Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity
Insufficient data available to classify as a carcinogen.

Reproductive
Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin.

STOT – single exposure
Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing. High level exposure may result in CNS stimulation with nervousness, salivation, dizziness, tremors, breathing difficulties (wheezing) and unconsciousness.
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability
No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil
No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects
Synthetic pyrethroids have been shown to be highly toxic to fish, aquatic arthropods and bees in laboratory tests. However, in practice no serious adverse effects have been reported with normal use because of low rates of application and low persistence in the environment. Low toxicity to birds and mammals.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Waste disposal
Residual product will be disposed of when the container is returned. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Legislation
Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)</th>
<th>SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)</th>
<th>AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14.1 UN Number</td>
<td>3082</td>
<td>3082</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.2 Proper Shipping Name</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.3 Transport hazard class</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.4 Packing Group</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.5 Environmental hazards
Marine Pollutant

14.6 Special precautions for user
Hazchem code: 3Z
GTEPG: 9C1
EMS: F-A, S-F

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION
PRODUCT NAME: CYANOFORCE 15SC RESIDUAL INSECTICIDE

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule: Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications: Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes:
- N: Dangerous for the environment
- Xi: Irritant

Risk phrases:
- R36: Irritating to eyes.
- R43: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
- R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety phrases:
- S2: Keep out of reach of children.
- S13: Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.
- S23: Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray (where applicable).

Inventory listing(s):
- AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
  All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information:

ENVIRONMENTAL TOXICITY OF SYNTHETIC PYRETHROIDS: Synthetic pyrethroids have been shown to be toxic to fish, aquatic arthropods and bees in laboratory tests. However, in practical use, no serious adverse effects have been reported due to the small quantities used and lack of persistence in the environment. The toxicity of synthetic pyrethroids in birds and domestic animals is low [WHO; Environmental Health Criteria 99: Cyhalothrin p.13 (1990)].

EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGES: Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: Strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:
The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:
It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.
Abbreviations

ACGIH  American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CAS #  Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds
CNS   Central Nervous System
EC No. EC No - European Community Number
EMS   Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)
GHS   Globally Harmonized System
GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC  International Agency for Research on Cancer
LC50  Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
LD50  Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose
mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL   Occupational Exposure Limit
pH    relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).
ppm   Parts Per Million
STEL  Short-Term Exposure Limit
STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
SWA   Safe Work Australia
TLV   Threshold Limit Value
TWA   Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ("SDS").

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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