

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** LAMBDAPLUS INSECTICIDE

**Synonyms** SHERWOOD LAMBDAPLUS INSECTICIDE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses

A RESIDUAL SURFACE TREATMENT FOR THE CONTROL OF VARIOUS INSECT PESTS IN COMMERCIAL, DOMESTIC, INDUSTRIAL AND PUBLIC SITUATIONS

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name SHERWOOD CHEMICALS AUSTRALASIA PTY LTD **Address** Level 3, 1060 Hay St, West Perth, WA, 6005, AUSTRALIA

**Telephone** +61 8 9219 4683 +61 8 9219 4672 Fax

contact@sherwoodchemicals.com.au **Email** Website http://www.sherwoodchemicals.com.au

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

+61 421 667972 **Emergency** 

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

**Physical Hazards** 

Not classified as a Physical Hazard

**Health Hazards** 

Acute Toxicity: Oral: Category 4 Skin Sensitisation: Category 1 Acute Toxicity: Inhalation: Category 4

**Environmental Hazards** 

Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic): Category 1

2.2 GHS Label elements

**WARNING** Signal word

**Pictograms** 





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**Hazard statements** 

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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#### **Prevention statements**

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### Response statements

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

#### Storage statements

None allocated.

#### **Disposal statements**

None allocated.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
GLYCEROL (GLYCERINE)	56-81-5	200-289-5	<10%
PHOSPHORIC ACID	7664-38-2	231-633-2	<10%
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	64742-94-5	265-198-5	<10%
LAMBDACYHALOTHRIN	91465-08-6	415-130-7	5%
PYRIPROXYFEN	95737-68-1	429-800-1	2%
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE	2634-33-5	220-120-9	<1%
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	236-675-5	<1%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	Remainder
PROPYLENE GLYCOL (PROPANE-1,2-DIOL)	57-55-6	200-338-0	<10%

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

**Inhalation** If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once).

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES



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#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (halides, hydrogen halides, carbon oxides) when heated to decomposition.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

#### 5.4 Hazchem code

•3Z

- •3 Alcohol Resistant Foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal foam can be used.
- Z Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

# 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Store below 30°C.

# 7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

# 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Exposure standards**

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
	Kelefelice	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Glycerin mist (a)	SWA [AUS]		10		
Phosphoric acid	SWA [AUS]		1		3
Propane-1,2-diol (particulates only)	SWA [AUS]		10		
Propane-1,2-diol (total vapour & particulates)	SWA [AUS]	150	474		
Titanium dioxide (a)	SWA [AUS]		10		

### **Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.



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#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. If using indoors, ensure there is adequate natural ventilation. Increase air flow by opening

windows/doors or using mechanical extraction units. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended

exposure standard.

PPE

**Eye / Face** Wear splash-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

**Body** Wear coveralls. If spraying, wear a washable hat. **Respiratory** Not required under normal conditions of use.







## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance LIQUID

Odour SLIGHT ODOUR
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point 100°C (Approximately)
Melting point 0°C (Approximately)
Evaporation rate AS FOR WATER
pH 4.5 to 9.0 (1 % solution)

Vapour density AS FOR WATER
Relative density NOT AVAILABLE

Solubility (water) SOLUBLE

Vapour pressure 18 mm Hg @ 20°C **NOT RELEVANT** Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit **Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE** Viscosity NOT EXPLOSIVE **Explosive properties** NON OXIDISING Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE **Odour threshold** 

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles > 60 % (Water)

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# 10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation is not expected to occur.

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid) and alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide).

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#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (halides, hydrogen halides, carbon oxides) when heated to decomposition.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.

Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
GLYCEROL (GLYCERINE)	4090 mg/kg (mouse)		
PHOSPHORIC ACID	1530 mg/kg (rat)	2740 mg/kg (rabbit)	3846 mg/m³ (rat)
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROMATIC	> 2000 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rat)	> 590 mg/m³/4 hours (rat)
LAMBDACYHALOTHRIN	56 mg/kg (rat)	632 mg/kg (rat)	60 mg/m³/4 hrs (mammal)
PYRIPROXYFEN	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rat)	
1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE	1020 mg/kg (rat)		
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	5000 mg/kg (rat)		3.43 - 6.82 mg/L air (rat)
PROPYLENE GLYCOL (PROPANE-1,2-DIOL)	> 2080 mg/kg (quail)	20800 mg/kg (rabbit)	

**Skin** Contact may result in irritation, stinging sensation, rash and possible numbness.

Eye Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation and redness.

**Sensitisation** Isothiazolinones may cause an allergic skin reaction. This product is not known to be a respiratory sensitiser.

Mutagenicity Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity Insufficient data available to classify as a carcinogen.

Reproductive Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive to

Reproductive Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin.

STOT - single Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing. High level exposure may result in

exposure CNS stimulation with nervousness, salivation, dizziness, tremors, breathing difficulties (wheezing) and

unconsciousness.

STOT - repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.

**Aspiration** Not classified as causing aspiration.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

Synthetic pyrethroids have been shown to be toxic to fish, aquatic arthropods and bees in laboratory tests. However, in practical use, no serious adverse effects have been reported due to the small quantities used and lack of persistence in the environment. The toxicity of synthetic pyrethroids in birds and domestic animals is low [WHO; Environmental Health Criteria 99: Cyhalothrin p.13 (1990)].

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Residual product will be disposed of when the container is returned. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for

additional information (if required).

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.



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# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	3082	3082	3082
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains Lambda-cyhalothrin)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains Lambda-cyhalothrin)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains Lambda-cyhalothrin)
14.3 Transport hazard class	9	9	9
14.4 Packing Group	III	III	III

# 14.5 Environmental hazards

Marine Pollutant.

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code •3Z
GTEPG 9C1
EmS F-A, S-F

Other information

The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in packages of less

than 5 kg/L (UN Model Regulations: Special Provision 375; IATA: Special Provision A197; IMDG:

Special Provision 969) or less than 500 kg/L by Australian Road and Rail.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

**APVMA Numbers** 86720/116450

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AllC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals)

All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGES: Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: Strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

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#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

#### HEALTH FEFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

## Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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